

# Conclusions of the F:ACTS! project

11 guidelines for integrated territorial  
strategies to deal with climate  
change

facts!

MEGA

BINGO

relax



# 11 guidelines

## 3 pillars

1. The area. The potential of the area (3)
2. The people. Cooperation (4)
3. The process. Governance (4)

# Pillar 1: Understand and use the potential of THE AREA

- Climate Change brings uncertainty
- The potential of the area may change: “goods” and bads”



# 1. Broader approach to make areas resilient

- Resilience: the capacity of an area to adapt to different circumstances.
- Better knowledge of territory: looking at it by using multiple perspectives

Baixo Vouga Lagunar



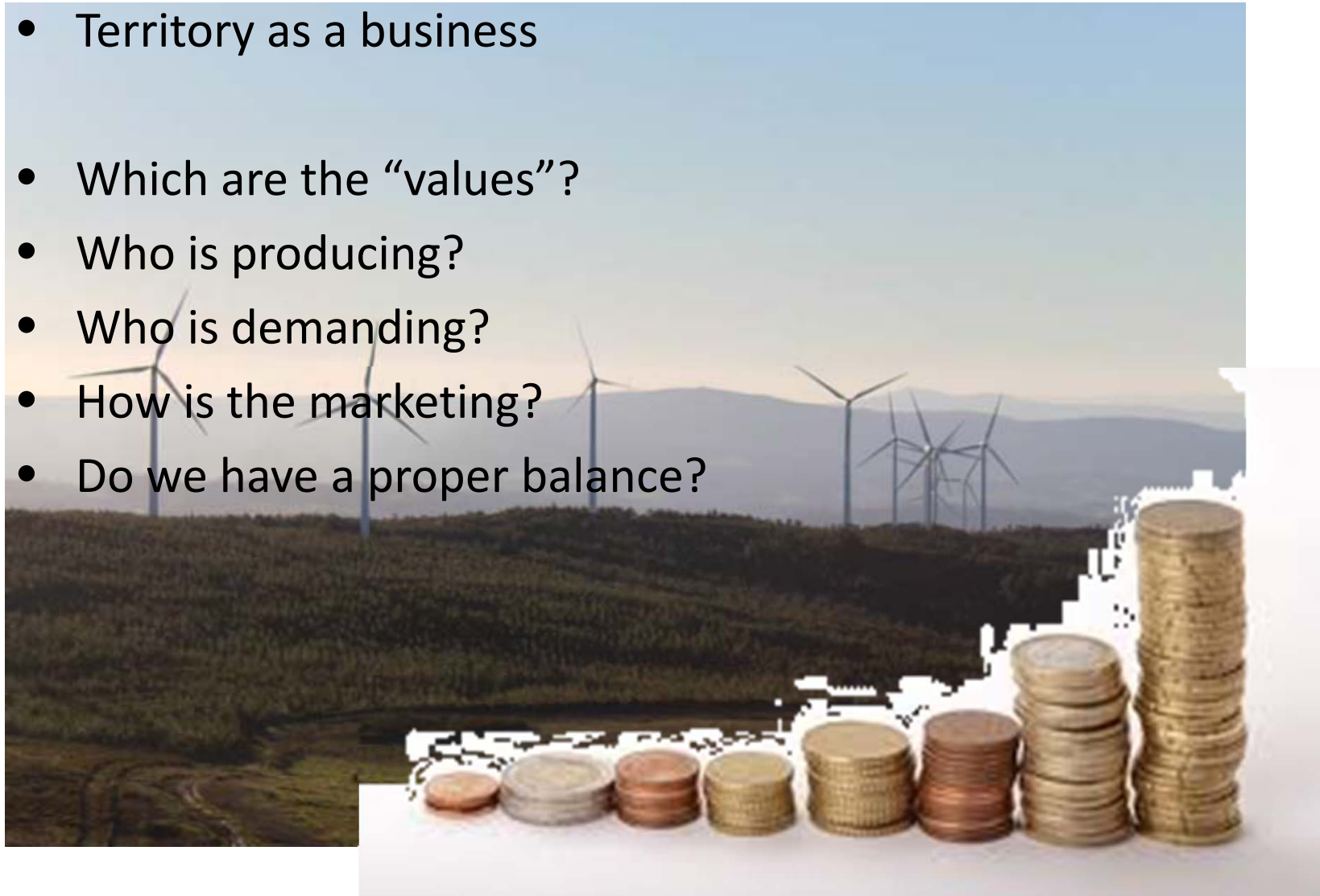
## 2. Eco system services

- Production
- Regulation
- Culture
- Exercise: weather related losses and gains



### 3. Driving forces for economic viability

- Territory as a business
- Which are the “values”?
- Who is producing?
- Who is demanding?
- How is the marketing?
- Do we have a proper balance?



# Pillar 2: Mobilising cooperation

## THE PEOPLE





## 4. Create a sense of urgency

- Make people aware
  - Need for climate adaptation and
  - The opportunities
- Example Blue pearl De Wijers



# 5. Involve all stakeholders

- We all are relevant
- More knowledge, more support, less resistance, sharing responsibilities



# 6. Make stakeholders shareholders

- Stakeholders are involved
- Shareholders own and take a share only



- Strofylia: active involvement of more than 150 stakeholders
- Turn farmers, foresters, ngo's, hoteliers into shareholders

# 7. Recognise the importance of education



- Cooperative learning
- Creativity and critical thinking
- New skills and knowledge

# Pillar 3. Governance for integrated territorial strategies THE PROCESS

- Dealing with complexity of ITS



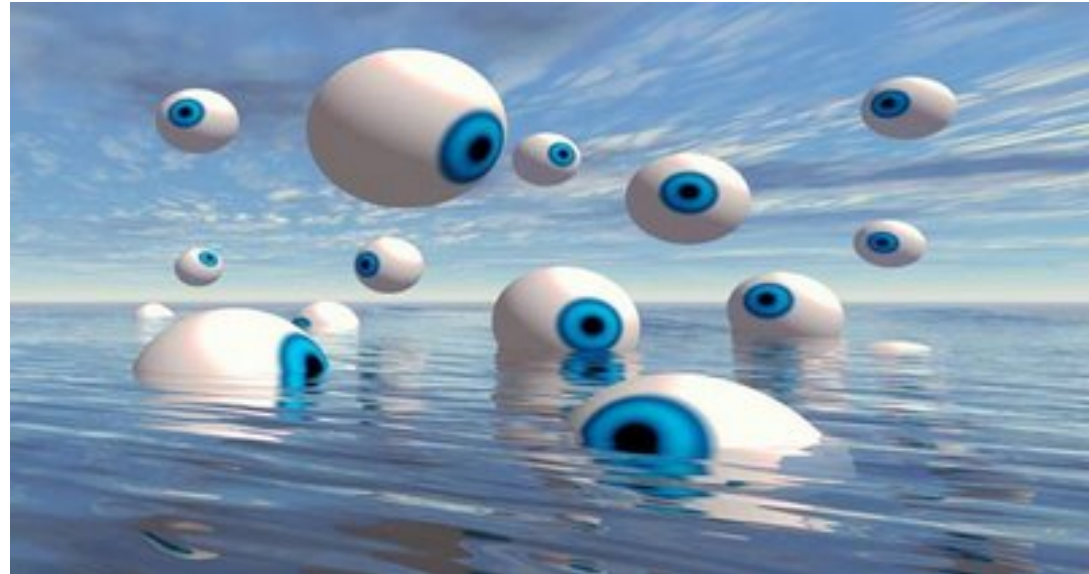
# 8. Create appropriate governance structures

- Formal - informal
- Government => governance
- Tailor made governance agenda
- 'good enough governance'
- Dutch water defence line
  - National, regional, local
  - Water, heritage, recreation, business



# 9. Make flexible plans for the long term

- “looking into the future”
  - What do we want to achieve?
  - How to get there?
- Forecasting



# 10. Combine different objectives and budgets

- Sector driven => territorial oriented
- Multi-objective
- Multi level
- Bring together spatial and sectoral policies and budgets



- Varna





# 11. Make CCA actions visible and measurable

- Involvement not only during planning phases



